BUDGET MANAGEMENT AND COMPENSATION RESERVES

Budget Change Items

1. **COMPENSATION RESERVES** [LFB Paper 271]

Governor/Legislature: Provide, in the 2015-17 general fund condition statement, total compensation reserves of \$21,385,000 in 2015-16 and \$37,233,600 in 2016-17 for the increased cost of state employee salaries and fringe benefits. Total compensation reserve amounts by fund source and fiscal year are shown in the following table:

Fund Source	<u>2015-16</u>	<u>2016-17</u>
General Purpose Revenue	\$10,692,500	\$18,616,800
Federal Revenue	2,993,900	5,212,700
Program Revenue	4,704,700	8,191,400
Segregated Revenue	2,993,900	5,212,700
Total	\$21,385,000	\$37,233,600

The final GPR and all funds compensation reserve amounts under AB 21/SB 21 identified above are net of the following recommendations of the Governor: (a) -\$4,183,600 GPR in 2015-16 (-\$9,194,700 all funds), and -\$8,367,000 GPR in 2016-17 (-\$18,389,000 all funds) associated with a proposal to permit state employees to opt-out of state health insurance coverage for a \$2,000 annual payment; and (b) -\$8,200,000 GPR in 2015-16 (-\$18,200,000 all funds), and -\$16,400,000 GPR in 2016-17 (-\$36,400,000 all funds) associated with unspecified changes to the state group health insurance program.

Typically, amounts within the compensation reserves are funds to pay for such items as: (a) the employer share of increased premium costs in the forthcoming fiscal biennium for state employee health insurance; (b) the costs of any general wage adjustments or negotiated pay increases; (c) increases in the employer share of contributions to the state retirement fund for employees' future state retirement benefits; and (d) pension obligations bond payments for the state's unfunded prior service liability for retirement benefits and the accumulated sick leave conversion credit program.

[Act 55 Section: 479]

2. DOA SECRETARY AUTHORITY TO LAPSE MONEYS FROM GPR AND PR APPROPRIATIONS OF SPECIFIED AGENCIES IN 2016-17

GPR-REV \$38,176,100

Governor: Specify that a 2013 Act 145 provision that requires the Secretary of

Administration to lapse \$38.2 million in 2015-16 to the general fund from the unencumbered balances of GPR and PR appropriations of a list of specified executive branch state agencies, other than sum sufficient and FED appropriations, would also apply in 2016-17. The following table shows the proposed 2016-17 lapse amounts by agency under the bill. Specify that the amounts to be lapsed from the Department of Financial Institutions (DFI) and the Department of Safety and Professional Services (DSPS) for 2015-16 and 2016-17 would be combined as an amount to be lapsed from the proposed Department of Financial Institutions and Professional Standards (DFIPS).

The \$38,176,100 lapse amount for 2016-17 is included in the general fund condition statement as "Departmental Revenues -- Other."

<u>Agency</u>	2016-17 GPR and PR Lapses Under the Bill
Administration Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Prot. Child Abuse and Neglect Prevention Children and Families Corrections	\$13,430,900 1,664,800 228,400 592,200 1,864,100
District Attorneys Educational Communications Board Financial Institutions and Professional Standards Government Accountability Board Historical Society	43,300 85,500 8,666,400 40,200 11,900
Insurance Commissioner Justice Natural Resources Public Defender Board Public Instruction	902,700 2,040,300 3,008,000 118,700 1,049,300
Public Service Commission Revenue Secretary of State State Fair Park Tourism	98,700 1,383,400 51,200 6,700 10,400
Transportation Wisconsin Technical College System Workforce Development Total	140,900 65,100 2,673,000 \$38,176,100

Joint Finance/Legislature: Delete the provision that would combine the amounts to be lapsed from DFI and DSPS as an amount (\$8,666,400) to be lapsed from the proposed DFIPS. This would have the effect of restoring separate lapses for DFI (\$2,434,400) and DSPS (\$6,232,000) that would total to \$8,666,400.

[Act 55 Section: 4749]

3. **REQUIRED GENERAL FUND STATUTORY RESERVE** [LFB Paper 170]

Governor: Provide that the required general fund statutory balance would be \$65 million for 2017-18 and 2018-19. Specify that beginning in 2019-20, the required balance would equal 2% of total GPR appropriations plus GPR compensation reserves for each fiscal year.

Under current law, the required balance is \$65 million for 2015-16 and 2016-17 and 2% of total GPR appropriations plus GPR compensation reserves for each fiscal year beginning in 2017-18.

A comparison of current law and the statutory balance requirements under the bill is shown in the following table.

	Current Law	<u>Under the Bill</u>	
2015-16	\$65,000,000	\$65,000,000	
2016-17	65,000,000	65,000,000	
2017-18	2%*	65,000,000	
2018-19	2%*	65,000,000	
2019-20 and thereafter	2%*	2%*	

^{*}The required balance equals 2% of gross GPR appropriations plus GPR compensation reserves in that year. As an example, a 2% calculation for 2016-17 under the bill equals \$339 million.

Joint Finance/Legislature: Delete the provision that would specify that beginning in 2019-20, the required balance would equal 2% of total GPR appropriations plus GPR compensation reserves for each fiscal year. Instead, specify that the statutory reserve for fiscal years 2015-16 and 2016-17 would equal \$65 million plus the accumulated amount drawn from moneys that otherwise would have been transferred to the budget stabilization fund. Beginning in 2017-18, the statutory reserve would equal the prior year reserve amount plus \$5,000,000, plus the accumulated amount drawn from moneys that otherwise would have been transferred to the budget stabilization fund in that fiscal year, but not to exceed 2%.

Under current law, if actual general fund tax collections in a fiscal year exceed the estimated amount for that year used in the budget act, then 50% of the excess is transferred to the budget stabilization fund, as long as this transfer would not reduce the general fund balance below the statutory reserve. This provision would modify current law governing transfers to the budget stabilization fund to specify that if the transfer of 50% of the excess in actual tax collections compared to the estimate would cause the general fund balance on June 30 of the fiscal year to be less than 2% of total GPR appropriations plus GPR compensation reserves for that year, then the Secretary of Administration could not make the transfer. Instead, the moneys would remain in the general fund, and the statutory reserve would be increased correspondingly. The statutory reserve would be set equal to \$65 million plus the accumulated amount of any moneys retained in the general fund under this procedure, but could not exceed 2% of total GPR appropriations plus GPR compensation reserves. In addition, beginning in 2017-18, at a minimum the statutory reserve would equal the prior year amount plus \$5 million, plus any moneys retained under this procedure, but could not exceed the 2% level. Once the general fund balance has reached this 2% amount, then transfers to the budget stabilization fund in subsequent

fiscal years would occur as under current law, and the \$5 million annual increase would not apply.

Veto by Governor [C-33]: Delete the modifications relating to transfers to the budget stabilization fund, so that current law would continue to apply. The requirement that the statutory reserve be increased by \$5,000,000 each year beginning in 2017-18 would be retained.

[Act 55 Section: 478h]

[Act 55 Vetoed Sections: 282m, 478d, 478g, and 478h]

4. GENERAL FUND STRUCTURAL BALANCE

Joint Finance/Legislature: Provide that s. 20.003(4m) of the statutes, which requires that no bill may be passed by the Legislature if estimated general fund expenditures exceed estimated revenues in the second year of the biennium, would not apply to the 2015-17 budget bill.

[Act 55 Section: 9152(1d)]

5. LIMIT ON INTERFUND CASHFLOW BORROWING [LFB Paper 171]

Governor/Legislature: Increase the limit on interfund borrowing to support the general fund's cashflow by four percentage points, from 8% of GPR appropriations in a fiscal year to 12% of GPR appropriations for that year.

Under current law, beginning in 2015-16, the Secretary of DOA is authorized to temporarily reallocate to the general fund an amount equal to 5% of total GPR appropriations in order to support the general fund's cashflow (approximately \$798 million in 2015-16 and \$847 million in 2016-17), from available balances in the state investment fund. This limit would be increased to 9% under the bill. In addition, under current law, the Secretary may permit a further 3% to be used for temporary reallocations to the general fund for a period not to exceed 30 days, which cannot be made for consecutive periods (approximately \$479 million in 2015-16 and \$508 million in 2016-17). In total, under current law, 8% of GPR appropriations (\$1,277 million in 2015-16 and \$1,355 million in 2016-17) may be allocated to the general fund on a temporary basis. Under the Governor's recommendation these aggregate limits would be \$1,915 million in 2015-16 and \$2,033 million in 2016-17. The following table compares the limits under the Governor's recommendation with current law. For funds other than the general fund, up to \$400 million can be reallocated between the general fund, certain segregated funds, and the local government investment pool. Funds that borrow money through temporary reallocations are charged interest at the earnings rate of the state investment fund. In the 2013-15 biennium, the 5% threshold described above was increased to be 9% through June 30, 2015.

Limits on Temporary Reallocations to Support the General Fund's Cashflow (\$ in Millions)

	Current Law			Governor/Jt. Finance	
<u>Limit</u>	<u>2015-16</u>	<u>2016-17</u>	<u>Limit</u>	<u>2015-16</u>	<u>2016-17</u>
5%	\$798	\$847	9%	\$1,436	\$1,525
3% (30-day limit)	479	<u>508</u>	3% (30-day limit)	<u>479</u>	508
Total	\$1,277	\$1,355	Total	\$1,915	\$2,033

[Act 55 Section: 475]

6. AGENCY BUDGET REQUEST SCENARIOS

Joint Finance/Legislature: Require that state agencies making their agency biennial budget request would submit three proposals as follows: (a) a proposal written as if there would be no increase in expenditures of GPR, PR, or SEG from the base levels for the current fiscal year; (b) a proposal written as if the only increase in expenditures of GPR, PR, or SEG from base levels would be for cost to continue programs, including standard budget adjustments and increases in costs due to case load or population adjustments, and for the amounts necessary to fund previously enacted program commitments; and (c) the proposal submitted in (b) but modified to include increases in GPR, PR, or SEG from base levels for programmatic changes.

Require the DOA Secretary when compiling the requests for agencies for the succeeding biennium under the current law report due on November 20 of each even-numbered year, to ensure that the data is presented as the three of these proposals described above.

Veto by Governor [C-32]: Delete provision.

[Act 55 Vetoed Sections: 272d, 272h, and 272i]

7. UNFUNDED PENSION LIABILITY PAYMENTS

Senate/Legislature: Modify current law that allows the Secretary of Administration to lapse or transfer moneys from state agencies to pay debt service on pension obligation bonds to also authorize the Secretary to require a direct payment to the general fund in lieu of a lapse or transfer. Modify the current definition of state agency to also include the following entities: (a) the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority; (b) the Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority; (c) the community development finance authority created before July 1, 1988; (d) the nonprofit corporation with which the Department of Workforce Development contracts under the 1989 statutes; (e) the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority (UWHCA); (f) the Fox River Navigational System Authority; (g) the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority; and (h) the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation.

Specify that for purposes of calculating the amount allocable to the UWHCA, the Secretary would be required to include any amount allocable to the former UW Hospital and Clinics Board, which was eliminated in 2011 Act 10, based on the number of employees at the UW Hospital and

Clinics Board on the day on which it was eliminated, as calculated by the Secretary.

Veto by Governor [C-61]: Delete provision.

[Act 55 Vetoed Sections: 293d, 293h, and 293p]